[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

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Your Roll No.....

BFIA/II Sem. - 2012

Paper 203 - MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS (NS)

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt all questions.

- 1. True or false. Explain
 - (a) An individual's demand curve for a commodity is more elastic than the market demand curve for the same.
 - (b) A monopolist never operates on the inelastic portion of the demand curve.
 - (c) An increase in both demand and supply of a commodity will increase the quantity and decrease the price of the commodity. (15)
- (a) As far as effect on consumer welfare is concerned direct taxes are superior to indirect taxes. Explain with the help of indifference curves.

- (b) Monopolistic competition is characterised by too many firms, each producing too little. Explain with (4) diagrams.
- (a) A monopolist does not have a supply curve. (8) Explain with diagrams.
 - (i) Two friends Mr. A and Mr. B go to an icecream seller. Before looking at the prices each places an order. Mr. A says 'I'd like 2 icecreams" and Mr. B say's I'd like ₹40 worth of icecreams. What can you infer about each individual's price elasticity of demand for icecreams?
 - (ii) What factors affect the price elasticity of (2+2=4)demand?
- (a) What is the shape of isoquants when
 - (i) There is no possibility of substitution between the two variable inputs.
 - (ii) The two inputs can be substituted at a constant (4) rate.
 - (b) Explain with diagrams, how the law of diminishing marginal utility helps a consumer to determine the optimum allocation of a given amount of money (8) among different goods?

- (a) What is an income compensated demand curve? 435 How is it different from an ordinary demand curve?
 - (b) A perfectly competitive firm produces output X with the help of variable factor V and 5 units of fixed factor (F). The price of 'F' is ₹10 and price of 'V' is ₹5. The production function is given below

Jnits of V	Units of X
6	1
16	2
20	3
32	4
48	5

- (i) If price of X is ₹60, how many units of X does this firm supply in the market? How much profit/loss does the firm make at this point?
- (ii) What happens when price of X falls to ₹ 20 ?
- Write short notes on any three of the following:
 - (a) Saucer shaped average variable cost curve

P.T.O.

- (b) Limitations of Marginal Utility Theory of demand
- (c) Kinked demand curve model of oligopoly
- (d) Expansion path of a firm (12)